THE Prison Association of New York City is undertaking the reformation of criminals, and is hunting through the jails for possible subjects.

ville, Ont., over seventy years of age,

have been convicted of arson.

THERE are at the present time 22,000 school libraries in the United States, containing 45,000,000 books, or 12,000,-000 more than all the public libraries of Europe combined.

THE fact that the British Board of Trade has decided that no one was to blame for the sinking of the steamer Oregon in a calm sea, in clear weather, shows that the art of successful vindication has even reached England.

This is the time of the year for snake stories. Here is one from Texas: "A man walked into a drug store at Decatur, Tex., and asked for an emetic, saying that he felt ill. A dose of ipecac was given him, and he threw up a snake six inches long."

IP Miss Frankie Folsom's uncle knows what he is talking about, it would seem that the young lady is to marry the President sure enough in June. It would be a relief to have the matter over with, since there begins already to be an overflow of literature on the subject.

SAN FRANCISCO has a Girls' Union. where young women receive board and lodging if unable to pay for it; are put in the way of finding work, and generally watched over. Classes in housekeeping, sewing, dress-making and the like are about to be started. There are 400 members of the union.

A CANADICE, Ontario County, (N.Y.) young lady teaches school five days in the week, helps her mother do the housework, and takes care of three horses, two cows and other stock on the farm. In addition to this she finds time to attend missionary meetings and once in a while writes a letter for the news-

A PENNSYLVANIA woman raised a family of twenty-four boys. Thirteen of these were in the Union army, and one in the Confederate. Eleven of the thirteen were killed in battle, and the Confederate was never heard from. Two of the Union soldiers returned home, and one of them has just applied for a

confederate army. Such an account of both sides of any of the great battle of the Rebellion could be made very interesting.

7:30 p. m

WASHINGTON, May 6.—SENATE—On motion of Mr. Sherman, it was agreed that the anti-Chinese immigration bill and the Chinese indemnity bill should be special orders for May 10. The Pacific railroad funding bill appears and the appears order for May 11. The

THE Signal Service flags which have recently been introduced in many of the small towns of Illinois, are a source of wonder to many people. A countryman driving into Genessee saw one of the flegs, and thinking the town had been captured by strikers, he turned and drove home again in alarm. A wealthy old farmer of the same vicinity thought the flags were used to show the phases of the moon.

"One of the merry jests which serve to while away the time in executive seasion," writes a Washington correspondent, "is stuffing paper under the hat band of some lordly Senator accused of having a swelled head.' His Sena torial brethren then approach him with grave solicitude, ask after his health, warn him against apoplexy and advise him to go to a doctor. His head feels bigger than usual, and he goes."

In order to assist local authorities in the maintenance of quarantine against the introduction of infectious disease the President will establish, by means of the revenue marine, a national patrol of the coast. If a vessel be found with sickness on board, or in a foul condition, she will be directed to proceed to quarantine, and the revenue marine officer will immediately notify the proper quarantine officer. In such case no person will be permitted to board the vessel without a permit.

FIDELITY and punctuality are always sure of their reward. Miss Pussic Rooks has been postmistress at Monroe Ga., for twenty-one years and has never been absent from duty for a single day. Prof. George M. Schneffer of the North Carolina College heard of her semarkable attention to business through a newspaper paragraph, packed his sachel, landed in Monroe Sunday, introduced himself to Miss Rooks Monday, popped the question Tuesday, and they were married Wednesday, in the presence of all Monroe.

MISS ANNA BUCKLES, of Paducah Ky., was locked in her room her aunt to prevent her marriage with a young man named Smith. The latter swore out a writ of habeas corpus, and while the lawyers were bbling over the matter Miss Buckles limbed out of a second-story window, was joined by her lover, whom she ac-sompanied to Metropolis, Iil., where she speedily became Mrs. Smith. The

XLIXTH CONGRESS.

First Session. WASHINGTON, May 1 .- SENATE .- Not in ses-

sion.

House.—Mr. Findlay (Md.) from the Committee on Civil Service Reform, submitted a report against the resources of ordered by Mr. Taulbee (Ky.), directing ne Secretary of the Treasury to inform the House by what authority the practice of permitting the employes in his department to appoint aubstitutes is allowed. Debate followed by Messra. Taulbee, Millard, Cannon and Findlay. The resolution was tabled—Il to IlB. Reports were heard from committees, followed by a brief debate on the Oklohama bill by Messra. Hill and Baker.

Washington. May 3.—Sunare.—A loint WASHINGTON, May 3.—SENATE.—A joint

WASHINGTON, May 3.—SENATE.—A joint resolution was reported and placed on the calendar extending the Presidential term until April 30 instead of March 4, 1857, and providing that the term of the Fiftieth Congress be similarly extended. An original bill was reported providing for the report of all preemption and timber culture laws. Senators Riddlebarger and lingalis denied a statement in a Washington paper that the opposition to the confirmation of Matthews, the new Register of Wills for the District, was on account of his color. They also denied conversations on this subject attributed to them. The post-office appropriation bill was taken up and debate upon the subsidy amendment continued. Mr. Vest and Mr. Beck spoke in opposition, Senators Eustia, Ingalia and Miller in favor. The arrangement for a vote to-day at 4 o'clock was postponed until to-morrow. At 5 o'clock the Senate went into executive session, and at 610 p. m. adjourned.

House.—Conference reports on the Indian

At 50 clock the Senate went into executive session, and at 6:10 p.m. adjourned.

House.—Conference reports on the Indian appropriation and the 4th of July claims bills were adopted. The House sessions on and after May 10 were fixed at from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. The States were called for the introduction of bills and joint resolutions. Under a suspension of the rules, bills were passed making appropriations for completing and cellarging the public buildings at Hannibal, Mo., and DesMoines, Ia., and for the adjustment of land grants in Kansas. The House adjourned at 8:15 p.m.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—SENATE—A letter was read from Emmet Tompkins, Secretary of

Washington, May 4.—Senate—A letter was read from Emmet Tompkins, Secretary of the Ohio Legislative Committee, regarding matter surreptitiously interpolated in the Payne report, and asking for an investigation. The letter was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections, and distribution of the incorrect copies ordered stopped. The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of private claims on the calendar. The post-office appropriation bill was taken up, and the subsidy clause debated. It was finally adopted by a vote of yeas 32, nays 19. The vote on the passage of the bill, as amended, was yeas 45, nays 10. At 5:20 p. m. the Senate adjourned.

House.—The resignation of Congressman

nays 19. The vote on the passage of the bill, as amended, was yeas 45, nays 10. At 5:20 p. m. the Senate adjourned.

Housz.—The resignation of Congressman Pulitzer was received from the Secretary of State, of New York. A resolution was adopted inquiring into the delay in the publication of the annual report of the Bureau of Animal Industry. Also one calling on the Secretary of the Navy for a copy of the special report made by Lieutenant Kimball on the progress of the Panama Canal. The contested election case of Campbell vs. Weaver, of lowa, was taken up in preference to the river and harbor bill by a majority of one. After debate of an hour and a half the resolution of the majority of the Committee on Elections was adopted. It confirms the right of the sitting member, J. B. Weaver, to the seat. At 5:15 p. m. the House took a recess until 7 p. m., the night session being for the consideration of bills and reports from the Military Committee.

Washington, May 5.—Senatz.—A letter from the Public Printer was read, attributing certain delays in printing to insufficient appropriations. A resolution was reported in relation to the cattle troubles on the Mexican border, and recommending an arragement with Mexico for their suppression. A resolution was agreed to inquiring of the Secretary of State the necessity for charging clizens of the United States five dollars for passports to foreign countries. Mr. Logan inquired in reference to his bill to provide a commission for investigating the condition of the colored people of the South. It was discovered that it had been referred to a subcommittee of the Committee on Education. Mr. Blair promised to have the subject considered and reported if possible. The inter-State commerce bill was taken up, and Mr. Camden's amendment adopted—yeas. 29: nays, 24. At 4:30 p. m. the Senate went into executive seasion, and at 5:30 p. m. adjourned.

House.—A letter of the Secretary of the Navy was read, containing an estimate of

and one of them has just applied for a pension.

The labor troubles are pretty general throughout the country. The solution of this momentous question seems to be beyond the scope of the prominent men of the day. It is prostrating business in every direction, and it is to be hoped that a speedy settlement of the difficulties may be had soon, for the benefit of all parties concerned.

Something novel in the way of spanning the bloody chasm, was a joint lecture on the battle of Missionary ridge, given at Washington, the other evening, by Gen. John B. Turchid of the federal and Col. J. W. Eldredge of the confederate army. Such an account of both sides of any of the great battle of Missionary for the may and the marine corps. Pending further action the committee on military affairs were then considered. The first one called was the veterance of the state of Missionary ridge, given at Washington, the other evening, by Gen. John B. Turchid of the federal and Col. J. W. Eldredge of the confederate army. Such an account of both sides of any of the great battle of Missionary of the marine corps.

may 10. The Pacine ratiroad funding bill was made the special order for May. II. The inter-State commerce bill was called up, and after considerable debate, it was agreed that a vote should be taken on the bill next Tuesday. Mr. Miller, from the Committee on Education and Labor, reported favorably a bill making eight hours a day's work for letter carriers. Mr. Logan, during the afternoon, offered an amendment for the Mexican pension bill which, among other things, proposes to repeal the restriction upon the payment of arrears of pensions to soldiers and sailors of the late war whose claims are filed prior to July 1, 1888, and conferring a pension upon all soldiers, disabled from any other cause than their own careless or vicious conduct, who served three months. The amendment also increases all classes of existing pensions.

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WASHINGTON, May 7 .- SENATE-Not in see washington, may i.—brate—Not in session.

House—A Benate bill was passed granting right of way to a local railroad through the arsenal grounds at Philadelphia. The military scademy bill was set aside for private business, and the House considered a number of claims. Considered a number of claims. Considered a number of claims. Considered as number of claims. Considered as a secout and bugler during the war, the claimant being at the time too young to be mustered into the service. When a vote was taken the opponents of the bill raised the point of no quorum, and at 5 o'clock a recess was taken until 7:30 p. m. At the night session fifty private pension bills were passed, and the House adjourned at 10 o'clock.

Parson Smith, of South Carolina while riding along a lonely bridal-path, heard a rattlesnake in the grass near by. The next moment his horse gave a plunge and then began to kick. The parson was quickly u shorsed. His frantic steed dashed away, kicking and snorting with terror. The snake had sprung with terror. The snake had sprung at him and its fangs had become entangled in the hair of the animal's tail. The snake was afterward found a mile away, dead, kicked and beaten almost to a jell. The horse was captured ten miles facther on, still shivering with fright.

—The Chinese cultivate oyster beds most successfully. They fasten old oyster shells to bamboo splints which they stick in mud flats swept by strong fidal currents. The shells are supposed to attract the oyster spat, which adheres to them and shortly develops into tiny oysters. Then the bamboos are transplanted to other flats and the crop grow rapidly.

The new Philadelphia directory contains sixty-three Ashs, four Elma, five Walnuts, eleven Pines, fifteen Cherrys, thirteen Oaks, a single Popust, four Chestnuts, and a single Spruce. Philadelphia Press.

A BRAVE MOTHER.

The Baby Palls Into a Deep Well-Fright ful Experience of the Parent to

French and his family live on the old Mines farm, in the town of Bradford, Steuben County. In the farm-yard is a deep well, with a low curb, the water being drawn up by an old-fashioned sweep. On Saturday all the family were absent from home except Mrs. French and ber two-year-old son. Farmer French came two-year-old son. Farmer French came home at noon. There was no one in the house. He went into the kitchen. On the table was a slate on which was written. in a hasty scrawl: "Baby and I are in the well." French ran to the well. Looking down he saw his wife in the water clinging to the wall, but apparently dead. Alva Morris, a neighbor, was passing at the time and reneighbor, was passing at the time, and re-sponded to the farmer's cries for belp. Morris let himself down in the well and astened a rope around Mrs. French, and conscious. She was restored with difficulty.

As soon as she revived she asked for her child. The body of the child was found at and drawn to the surface by means of

the bottom of the well in ten feet of water, and drawn to the surface by means of a rope.

"At ten o'clock this forenoon," said Mra. French, "I went to the weil after a pall of water, taking onaby with me. I eaw that a board on the curb was loose, and I ran back to the house to get a hammer and nails to fasten the board, and thoughtlessly left the child by the well. When I came back the bab, was gone I looked in the well and saw him struggling in the water. Thinking that some one might be in the house soon, I rushed back and wrote on the slate that we were in the well, so that we could have help as soon as possible. I then hurried to the well again and let myself down to the water by the niches in the wall. I succeeded in getting the baby out of the water with one hand, while I held myself above water with the other. I then placed one foot in a niche on the side of the well and the other foot on the opposite, and then braced myself so I could keep above the water, which was above my waist. The baby was alive, and having the use of both my brands and arms. I soon brought him to. I called constantly for help as loudly as I could. Both myself and the child were terribly chilled by the water. I shouted for aid until my voice was entirely gone, and then, feeling that we must both die from exhaustion and coid unless I could reach the top in some way. I began to work myself up, using one hand and my feet. Little by little I crept upward by aid of the niches in the wall, and in half an hour I was almost within reaching distance of the top. How my strength ever held out I do not know. I stopped to rest, and thought of tossing the baby up over the curb. If I had had strength enough in my arms I know I could have done so, but they were too tired and weak. After resting awhile I was feeling around for another place to put my foot a little higher to draw myself up, when I lost my footing entirely, and we fell back into the water. The baby was knocked back out of my arms, and when I came to the validace of the waier I could

SALE OF LIQUOR STOPPED. on the Request of the Knights of Labo

Dover, N. H., May 4.-In view of the fact that there was a row in one of the saloon in Rollinsford, a suburb of the city, last night, in which one or two strikers, under influence of liquor, became involved with several scabs, a delegation of the Knights waited upor the authorities to-day and demanded that all saloons in the city be closed until after the settlement of the labor difficulties. The demand was acceded to and this letter was sent to all saloon-keepers and hotel proprietors: "A committee of the Knight of Labor have waited on us and requested that we should stop the sale of any intoxi-cating liquor, and we respectfully order you to stop at once and save yourselfurther trouble." All the saloons immediately closed.

DELAVAN, ILL., May 4 .- A through freight on the Alton broke in two coming down the grade approaching Delevan last night. The sugmeer whistled for brakes, and the head brakeman succeeded in stopping half of the train. The night was dark and stormy. Upon stopping, the engineer discovered the break and the balance of train coming in on him. opened the trottle to get out of the way, breaking a draw-bar, and leaving three cars standing on the track. The rear balf of the train thundered into them, throwing the cars down a thirty-foot emies of four men, supposed to be tramps, were found. They had two large revolv-ers. They boarded the train at Bloomington. On one was found a scrap of paper bearing the name of John Wolff, 1050 Thirty-first street, Chicago.

The President's Marriage. WASHINGTON, May 4.—General Burdette, the Commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., thinks President Cleveland will go to New York on Decoration Day. This will be but following the precedent set by other Presidents: and on this occasion the decoration of General Grant's tomb is to make the event worthy of the President's ettendance. The 30th of May is not so long after the 30th of May, and on the earlier day Miss Folsom will arrive in New York fro ope. The closeness of the two dates has

already set gossips to figuring on the probability of the President not returning to Washington alone.

Davis at Savannah. SAVANNAH, Ga., May 4. Jefferson Davis, by request of the board of education, ad dressed to day the children of the public schools of this city, who assembled at the grounds of Chatham Academy. Hundreds of young girls preceded him to the stand, strewing his pathway with flowers. On Thursday night he will be the guest of the Savannah Volunteer Guards, at a banque tendered to the visiting military. Davis will leave for home on Saturday.

Railroad Strikers Re-Employed. St. Louis, May 4.—A number of the St Louis railroad strikers have been re-em ployed, the only strict exception against those who engaged in acts of vio

NOGALES, A. T., May 4.—Captain Lebe bad an hour's engagement with the hes-tiles yesterday afternoon in the Pinyos Mountains, losing one men killed and one wounded. Three Apaches were killed. Being unable to dislodge the hostiles, Lebe

The Free Delivery System WASHINGTON, May 4.—The U. S. Hoves Committee on Post-offices and Post-roads will report favorably a bill to extend the free delivery system to all towns contair-ing ten thousand inhabitants whose gross postal revenues for the preceding year ware \$10,000 or more. were \$10,000 or more.

In costigating Agricultural Scho In restigating Agricultural Schools.
CHICAGO, May 4.—G. E. Alderton, a New
Zealand journalist, is in Chicago. He visits
this country in behalf of his Government
to inquire into the working of our agricultural schools. He proceeds at an early
date to Washington to present his credentials to the Secretary of the Interior, after
which he will go through Illinois, Ohio,
Kentucky, Indiana, Virginia, the Carolinas
and Florida.

Indiane Threaten Tron WINNIPSO, MAN., May 4.—The Yankton

RIOT AT MILWAUKEE.

An Attack on the Bayview Mills by a Crewd of 400 Armed HORNELLSVILLE, N. Y., May 4.-Frazier Polacks

stopped By the Military Delivering Withering Fire, in Which Nine Men Are Wounded, Mostly Fatally.

Mil.wauker, Wis., May 5.—This morning 600 Polacks assembled at the Polish church, each bearing a huge club, iron bar or some other implement of war. The men were formed into line, and at the order of "forformed into line, and at the order of "Tor-ward, march," proceeded in the direction of the Bayview rolling-mills, raising the cry as they went: "Kill the militia and burn the mills!" At the head of the pro-cession the communistic flag was carried. Being apprised of the mob's coming, Major Traumer ordered the four companies under his command from inside the rolling-mill's inclusive. These they had been in his command from inside the rolling-mill's inclosure, where they had been in camp during the night, and stationed them in the best position to check the advancing mob. As the latter approached they were ordered to stop. No heed was given. Major Traumer repeated the order, giving all fair warning that is advance was covering death. that to advance was certain death. Again the crowd, which was now about five bun-dred feet distant, ignored the caution and pressed forward toward the bridge. Major Traumer had orders to keep any crowd from approaching the mills, and to fire upon them as a last resort if the order could not otherwise be enforced. Accordingly, when no attention had been given to the second warning, he gave the order to fire. As nearly as could be learned the six companies emptied their guns with a steady aim into the throng. Seeing several of their number fall, wounded or killed, the mob threw themselves flat on the ground and sought the shelter of the rail-road embankment. The result of the first volley having had such a salutary effect, the militia companies again stacked their arms, and portions of the routed mob re-turned to the scene of the tragedy. squad of police also put in an appearant and began to assist the wounded. Seve of the latter were taken to neighboring saloons and dosed with whisky, after which they were conveyed to their homes. Three men were killed, four received mortal wounds, and a number of others seriously wounded by the volley. The rioters in greater part retreated to that section of the city wherein they resided, in the Four teenth ward, and although numerous teenth ward, and although numerous threats were made to re-organise, arm themselves and renew the attack on the militia, they were not carried out.

A FALLING WALL.

Kills Four Men and Wounds Eight

Others at Minneapolis.
St. Paul, Minn., May 5.—Shortly after 3 o'clock this afternoon one of the walls of the Bracket Block, in Minneapolis, a fivestory building, to which an addition was being made, fell out and crashed into the basement, which had been excavated for the new portion, burying a dozen workmen beneath the ruins. Eleven have been taken out, four of whom are dead, and the others more or less seriously injured. Of the dead at this hour but two have been identified— J. Connell, unmarried, and John Janisch, who has a wife and six children. The fire and police alarms brought a force of rescuers to the scene, and the work of recovery was prosecuted under the direction of Mayor Ames. The two others killed have not been identified. Most of the injured

Reward for Geronimo. Washington, May 5.—The joint resolu-tion authorizing the President to offer a reward of \$25,000 for the killing or capturing of Geronimo, the celebrated A chief, reads as follows: That the Preof the United States be and he is hereby directed to offer a reward of \$25,000 for the head of Geronimo, a chief of the Chiri-cahua Apaches; and the said sum of \$25. 000 is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise ap-propriated, and shall be paid by the President upon satisfactory evidence that the said Geronimo has been killed or captured, and if captured by other parties than U. S. troops, shall be delivered to the custody of ident; and the aforesaid reward shall be paid to any detachment of U. S. troops to killing or capturing said Geronimo, and

shall be equally divided among them, rank and file." Fund for the Wounded Policemen. CHICAGO, May 5.—To-night the fund be-ing raised for the policemen wounded by last night's bomb throwing amounts to \$37,000 Of this about \$12,000 were contributed by members of the board of trade, \$10,750 by railroads centering in Chicago \$1,500 by firms in the hardware trade, and the balance by private individuals. The wholesale grocers also are raising a large fund to be turned over to-morrow, and so far none of them have contributed less

Poisoned.

CORRY, Pa., May 5 .- A sad mistake or 8. D. Burt, station agent on the N. Y. P. & O. railroad, at Columbus, three miles east of Corry. It is the old story—medicine and poison standing side by side on the same table. The nurse, taking the wrong bottle, administered a teaspoonful of carbolic acid, the lady baving given birth to a child on Friday last. There is little hope of her recovery.

Staid Out Too Late. PLUSHING, L. L. May 5.—Neil Howard, a well-known married resident of this village, was ducked in the village fountain early yesterday morning by some unknown persons who are supposed to belong to the vigiliance committee organized a year ago for the purpose of punishing married men who remained away from home late at night. The affair created quite an excitement in the village. the village,

Government Troops at Cincinnati. CINCINNATI, May & —On orders from the War Department two companies U. S. regulars (two bundred men) left Columbus last night at 8:15 on a spacial train, and arrived at the Little Miami depot this morning at 13:20. They were drawn up in the depot, and after some consultation on the part of the officers the men were formed in line and marched out of the depot and over the Newport bridge to the barracks, where they were quartered for the night. It was supected that the men would be cared for in the post-office building, but the accommodations not being ready they were ordered to the barracks. CANCINNATI, May &-On orders from the ing, but the accommodations no ready they were ordered to the ba

Chicago Socialist Leaders Arrested Chicago Socialist Lenders Arrested.
CHICAGO, May 5.—Spies, Fielding and
Schwab have been arrested. A little after
6 o'clock this morning all were found in a
close room in the office of the Arbeiter
Zeitung newspaper at No. 107 Fifth avenue.
They were in consultation when the officers
ome upon them. They exhibited alarm
but showed no resistance. They were
taken quickly to the central police station.
They are kept closely guarded, and no one
is parmitted to see them. The man who
threw the bomb at last night's riot was arrested to day, and is now locked up at the
central station. His name is Julius Carpenter. The police claim to have ample
proof that he is the man. It is stated that
he is a printer on the Arbeiter Zeitung. THE SITUATION.

Progress of the Strikes Throughout the

Curcago, May & Just as the officials o Curoaco, May 6.—Just as the officials of all the railroads coming in over the Calcago and Western Indiana tracks, which include the Wabash, the Grand Trunk, the Chicago and Atlantic, and the Chicago and Eastern Illinois, had concluded that they would try and open up freight traffic in the regular way, they were confronted with a strike that makes them all besitate about receiving any freight whatever. The switch tenders for the Western Indiana road at Forty-first street and as Grand Crossing quit work this afternoon and virtually blocked traffic on all these roads. Passonger trains, and especially mail trains, were ger trains, and especially mail trains, were allowed to pass, but freights stood no show. CINCINNATI, May 6.—The freight handlers' strike here is ended. It was brought to a

strike here is ended. It was brought to a happy termination this morning by the ac-ceptance by the men of the terms offered by the railroad companies, viz., \$1.35 a day to truckmen and \$1.45 a day for locaters and carmen, fifteen cents an hour for over-time. Sunday work to be paid for as over-time, and no deduction of the men's wages for the time they have been on a strike. for the time they have been on a strike.

Milwauker, May 6.—The arrests of Socialists who have been instrumental in urging on the riots have been continued this afternoon. In the houses of two of these were found a number of guns, pistols and a large amount of ammunition concealed in bedding. Governor Rusk has informed Drudinski that the latter will be held responsible for any trouble which may bereafter arise from the doings of Poland-ers who have been prompted to the act by

Drudinski's advice.

CHETENNE, WYO., May 6.—The strike of the Union Pacific brakemen ended at this point. All men reported for duty this afternoon excepting several who were discharged yesterday.

New York, May 6.—Among the laboring men in this city there appears to be but one opinion as to the rioting and bloodshed in Chicago, and that is emphatic con-demnation of the action of the Anarchist

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 6 .- One thousand coal miners employed at mines along the Pan-bandle railroad struck this morning. The strikers want the Columbus scale and semi-monthly pays. They also refuse to load coal for the Eastern markets until the strike in the Third District is settled.

The Ohio Senate Muddle.

COLUMBUS, O., May 6.—The Senatorial situation was confused this morning. There was no quorum present on account of the Democrats absenting themselves yesterday in order to avoid action in the contested election cases, it is believed. The speaker commenced the proceedings by ordering the reading of Monday's journal. Benator Fassett objected, saying that the Senate was under a call when it adjourned last night, and insisted on his point of order. Governor Kennedy reconsidered, and stronged techniques of the control of ed, and stopped further reading until a consultation could be

had with parliamentary authority. Ex-Speaker Cowgill was called in and gave his opinion that by adjourning last night the Senate had laid the contested election ases on the table, from which they could not be taken save by a two-thirds vote. This opinion has been growing among the Republicans, who fail to maintain that unanimity which is necessary to their success. Warrants have been issued for the bringing in of the absentees, who are supposed to be sojourning in Kentucky.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J., May 6.—George Cos, his brother Louis, and a young man named Brinkerhoff were passing by the school-house last night, and saw a light in the building. On investigation they saw a burglar in the act of ransacking the desks, and they attempted to capture him. The third turned as the young men entered the room and fired two shots were them room and fired two shots upon them.
George Coe received one ball in the left shoulder, and the second in the abdomen.
Louis Coe, after a terrible struggle, sucoseded in disarming the burglar, and beat him to insensibility with an Iron "jimmy." Brinkerhoff and Louis Coe then tied the hands and feet of the burglar and locked him up in a room. They then turned their attention to George, who was found unconhim to his house and gave the alarm, but before help came the burglar had made his

Herr Most's Sentiments

NEW YORK, May 6.-The Herald publishes the following statement by Herr Most in regard to the riot in Chicago: "It is the beginning of the Social revolution in Americs. The worker has become aggressive.
The spiritual dynamite which I have sown
for years in the breasts of the American workmen is bearing beautiful and bleedy fruit. They have met the hordes of the oppressors; they have coped with them and disabled them. May the accursed dogs all

A Kansas Waterspout.

EMPORIA, KAS., May 6.—A waterspout passed down Jacob's creek, fourteen miles southwest of here, to-day. B. B. Jacobs, a farmer, saw the storm coming and gathered up his wife, two young children and brother Charles in a wagon and started to fice, but they were overtaken by the torrent, which swept away the vehicle and its occupants.

Mrs. Jacobs and the younger child were drowned, while Mr. Jacobs nearly perished in endeavoring to save them. His brother saved himself and the other child.

Cattle Quarantine Proclaimed.

SPRINOPIELD, ILL., May 6 .- Governor Og. lesby issued a proclamation prohibiting the importation of cattle into the State from the territory lying south of the thirty-sixtle parallel and west of the Mississippi river and also that portion lying east of the Mis-sissippi and south of the thirty-fifth paral-lel between the 1st day of April and the 1st

A Double Domestic Tragedy. BACINE, Wis., May 6 .- To-night Sam Passy, colored, shot his mistrees, also colored, four times and then fired two bullets into his own head. Both are still alive, but can not recever. He had threatened to leave

Red Fing Denounced,

CINCINNATI, May 6.—The employee of J.
A. Fay & Co., this city, who are on a strike, passed resolutions to the effect that any persons carrying the red flag of socialism or ... wunism insults the flag of our coentry, and also every horsest and respectable working man.

LORDON, May 6.—There are a number of Mormon missionaries in Switzerland trying to induce girls to emigrate to Utah, promising them happiness and prosperity. Some that have already been victims write from Utah bitterly bewalling their fate.

dormone Recruiting in Switzerland

FUSSY GREECE

March to the Fro

The Allied Powers Give Ord chade of Grecian Ports-Turk-ish Troops Advancing.

ATHEMS, May 7.—The soldiers at the gar-rison here received with cheers the orders to march to the frontier. Two battalions have already started for the frontier. The to march to the frontier. Two battalions have already started for the frontier. The soldiers went out with great enthusiasm. The regiment designated as the King's escort is ready to start for the front. The government has announced its intention of defending Greek territory against any and all advances by foreign soldiers. The movements of the Turkish army threaten to make Thessaly the scene of the first warlike operations. The indications now point to a Turkish advance by way of Larless. The Greek reserves at Volo and Valestino have been pushed to the front. The populace are enthusiastic over the prospect of war with Turkey. Soldiers are parading the streets singing patriotic songs. They are everywhere cheered and are at present the most popular persons in the city. A large number of soldiers ramain here. The foreign squadron has returned to Suda Bay. The Greek fleet has left Salami and, it is believed, has gone to Poros. It is not believed, has gone to Poros. It is not believed, has gone to Poros. It is not believed, has gone to Foros. It is not believed, has gone to Foros. It is not believed, has gone to Foros. It is not believed here that Russia will take any share with the other powers in the ulterior work of coercion against Greece. Twefik Bey, the Turkish Kinister, when he departed hence to-day, took with him all the members of the staff of the Turkish Legation and caused all his and their personal effects to be removed. The secretaries of the other foreign legations will remain in an unofficial capacity for a time at least. The Russian Minister did not leave when the other ministers departed, not having been instructed to do so. The Poloponessian army has been ordered to Thessaly. All the foreign ministers have embarked on vessels of their respective nations to depart from Greece. The powers have given orders to the fleets to blockade the Greek ports. The troops at Kalamata have been sont to replace the Athens garrison. Turkish troops are massing a Prevesa.

CONGRESSMAN KELLEY

says a Few Words on the Labor Troubles.

Says a Few Words on the Labor Troubles.

Washington, May 7.—Congressman Kelley, of Pennsylvania, is quoted as saying: "These labor troubles are primarily caused by the capitalists, who, refusing to pay fair wages to American laborers, have gone abroad and brought to this country the vilest and lowest class of European laborers to take the places of men who can not and will not live the same as these ignorant and brutal creatures do. The thing to be done is to make eight hours ignorant and brutal creatures do. The thing to be done is to make eight hours a day's work and put in the penitentiary the capitalist who will permit his machinery to run a longer period than eight hours per day. Then legislate to exclude from this country the class of men who are responsible for such outrages as have occurred in Chicago. I have no sympathy with Anarchista, dynamiters or Communists, nor have I any sympathy with the capitalists who will import labor of this class rather than pay good wages to American workmen." Congressman Rice, of Massachusetts, said: "I believe that the Government should put down with the strong arm of power every attempt at violence such as has been fomented in Chicago by those who have come from Europe."

THE DEATH PENALTY

Hange Over the Heads of the Anarol

Leaders in the Chicago Riot. Chicago, May 7.—State's Attorney Grin-nell has stated that he has obtained ample legal evidence implicating Spies, Fielden and Schwab as the leaders in getting up the terrible riot on Desplaines street, which resulted in the destruction of several lives and the maining of many persons. This avidence will be very damaging to the and the maiming of many persons. This evidence will be very damaging to the three men named when they shall come to be tried before the criminal court. In order to find out whether the opinion of other prominent members of the bar sustained or not the conclusions of the State's Attorney, several well-known members of the bar bave been interviewed. The opinion of all of them, without any exception, is that so far as they know what the evidence is, it is fully sufficient to secure the conviction of all three men. They also hold that the evidence is sufficient to secure their conviction for murder and the infliction of the death penalty.

The Cloakmakers.

CHICAGO, May 7 .- About 8,000 cloakmakers who work only six months out of the year at an average salary of \$3 per the year at an average salary of \$3 per the year at an average salary of \$3 per the year at an average salary of \$4 per the year at a per the year at an average salary of \$4 per the year at a per the year at week, have made a demand on the contracting cloakmakers for eight hours' work and an increase of twenty-five per cent on their wages. One of the contractors admits that the cloakmakers have been miserably paid, and he asserts that the wholesale dealers have grown rich out of the profits on their work. The contractors number about 700, and they are organized as Assembly No. 5.139 of the Knights of Labor. At a meeting held last night they expressed their willingness to grant the demands of their employes, providing they can induces the wholesale dealers to pay an advance on the present price of the goods. A committee was appointed to lay the matter before the leading houses.

William Young was instantly killed by

Arms Captured at Milwaukee.

MILWARKEE, May 7.—The arrests of So-cialists who have been instrumental in cialists who have been instrumental in urging on the riots have been continued this afternoon. In the houses of two of these were found a number of guns, pistols and a large amount of ammunition concealed in bedding. Governor Rusk has informed Drudinski that the latter will be held responsible for any trouble which may hereafter arise from the doings of Polanders who have been prompted to the act by Rudinskys advice.

New York, May 7 .- The business failure

occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number, for the United States, 167, and for Canada, 25, or a total of 198, as compared with a total of 297 last week, and 194 the week previous to the

Double Suicide.

St. Paul, Minn., May 7.—The community this morning was startled by the rumor of a double suicide, the victims being Charles P. Woerner and a domestic in his family, with whom Mrs. Woerner charged her hup-band with being soo intimate.

Among the curiosities of Nassan, M. P., is a wonderful phosphorescent lake. It is a collection of brackish water about half a mile square, imbedded in common cocoanut groves. Its peculiarities are only visible when the night is dark. Then, rowed about in a boat, the visitor is rewarded by the bright, seintiliating fashes which every stroke of the oars throws around the craft.

—We have always said that if man ever planted his brogans on the selld rock of period content, solunce would be the supper and miner to build the torduroy over the intervaning bog. The stringers are already down, and here comes the first load of timber: "A lost umbrolls was recovered in Philadelphia the other day by the aid of the telephone."—Lige Brosen.

The training master of a great Eastern menagerie says: "Next season I shall not only train a flock of geese that area number of sheep also, and

Concrete, April S. Senara, Bills passed.
Providing fine and imprisonment for hotelend boarding house board bill jumpers; requiring the State to pay for oriminal process prosecutions. The Senate refused to recede from its amendments to the general appropriation bill not concurred in by the

House.—Bijis passed: A number of local bills were passed, also one to make the warden of the penitentiary act as hangman. Bill introduced: Providing for the registration of physicians. Beschutten adopted: Asking Congress to not pass the Morrison nariff bill. A resolution to investigate the Wathonding Canal appropriation was lost, reconsidered and referred.

COMMENUS, April 20.—SENATE—Bills passed: To prevent the spread of epizootic and communicable diseases of domestic animals; establishing workshops for the biling; providing for stenographic court reports in countries of less than thirty thousand population; prohibiting the cetablishment of private

prohibiting the cetablishment of private wharfs in cities and towns. D. N. Kinsman was confirmed as a member of the Live Stock Commission. Two reports were submitted from the non-partisan committee investigating the Senatorial contest from Hamilton County.

course. April 80.—Sawara.—Bills introduced: Authorizing the State Board of Agriculture to issue a second mortgage to cover \$30.000 worth of bonds; for the relief of Elias Anderson, of the Soldiers' Home; authorizing Marysville to construct gas works. Adjourned to 4 p. m. Tuesday.

House.—Bills introduced: Authorizing guardians to improve the real estate of their wards; providing for township local option; authorizing commissioners to furnish offices for county officers; providing for the construction of levees to protect land from overflow. Adjourned to 4 p. m. Tuesday.

Collingia May 4—Samara.—The business

now. Adjourned to a p. m. Tuesday.

COLUMBUS, May 4.—Sharata.—The business of the Senate was delayed for usarity an hour this afternoon in a discussion of the relative merits of the two reports from the non-partisan sub-committee, which were made the special order for to-morrow at 11 o'clock a.m. Mr. Van Cleaf wanted the journal corrected so as to show that the report submitted by him on behalf of the three Democrats of the sub-committee was offered as a substitute to the Republican report submitted by the three Hapublicans. Mr. Van Cleaf insated that his report was offered as a substitute. He was supported in his assertion by Measur, Dodd, Lawrence, Cable and Crites, and Mechaffey, all Democrats. Mr. Rannels (R.), raised the point of order that the report could not be a substitute after the first report could been postponed, and there was nother

work.

Housz.—Bills introduced: To restore records of justices and mayors' courts; abolishing the boards of public works and health
in Cincinnat; and creating a new board; requiring the assignees of morigages to have
them recorded before taking effect; creating
a State Board of Claims. A number of local
bills were passed.

CHRISTIAN HESS, & Cincinnati dairyman has been arrested on the charge of slaughtering diseased cattle and selling the carcasses to a butcher for consumption. They are catching ninety tons of pickerel

The question has been spring as to the constitutionality of adjourned sessions of the Ohio Legislature, which make the sessions annual. Some good lawyers hold that only proceedings of the regular biennial sessions are valid.

DEFUTY POSTMASTER ROBERT HARDING, of Cleveland, shot and killed himself. A sud. den fit of insanity is supposed to have been the cause.

MRS. SUSAN WALKER, an aged lady, of Mas. Susan Walker, an aged lady, of Orange Township, Hancock County, was left alone for a short time by the young lady who has been caring for her. Neighbors noticed smoke issuing from a window, and, running to ascertain what was the cause, found the old lady lying on the floor with her clothing entirely burned from her. Death ensued in a short time. The first Death ensued: in a short time. The fire was probably caused by a spark from her

pipe. APTER competitive examination, at War ren, Congressman E. B. Taylor has appoint ed Lawrence, second son of Judge Spear, of the Supreme Bench, naval cadet.

THE Tiffin daily Advertiser, L. A. Brun-

WILLIAM YOUNG was instantly killed by a fall of slate in the Globe Mines, Youngs-

A TWO-TREM-OLD child of Mrs. Kate Summers, Kenton, while playing in its mother's ward, fell into a cistern and was dropped.

The store of J. C. Wernecke, of Harriets-ville, Nobile County, was entered by burgliars the other night and a large amount of goods stolen, including several valuable gems. No clew to the perpetrators.

John C.Gauler, one of the older and best

JOHN C.GAULT, one of the ciders and heat known engineers of the lakes, was run over and killed by a locomotive at Toledo. A. E. Wisz, a peddler, was knocked down and robbed at Dayton, early the other morning.

An effort will be made to have the ten o'clock saloon ordinance, now in force at Springfield, repealed by the newly-elected Council.

JUDGMENT was needered in the Common Plans Court at Title, adminst the bondamen of the late John Heabler, Treasurer of Sen-eca County, for the fell amount of his de-feated on a bour \$11,000

Tan other morning at Ottoville, Putnam County, the dead body of Joseph Rekart, a resident of Ottoville, was found floating in the canal. Rekart has been laboring under the canal. Rekart has been laboring under a fit of despondency for some time and is is supposed be committed suicide by throwing himself into the canal. Deceased was sixty-dre years of age, and leaves a large family.

Colonia A. L. Conesa, Akron, was elected Commander-in-Ghief of the Department of Ohio, G. A. R.

Annox Day was celebrated theorem of the concept of the concept of the concept of twenty thousand to the number of twenty thousand Eden Park, where memorial tree planted and addresses delivered by